

Statement of purpose

Foreword

Over the past two years, Marsh McLennan has worked closely with UN Climate Change High-Level Champions, its Race to Resilience team, and the Arsht-Rock Resilience Center to spur awareness

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1. Executive summary

Over the past 50 years, the number of weather-related X]gUghYfg`\Ug`f]gYb` j Y!Zc`Xžk]h\ W]a UhY`WUb[Y` [YbYfU``mUVWdhYX'hc`VY`U'df]a UfmXf]j Yf"H\]gsf]gYž coupled with an increase in the value of assets and population movement to high-risk areas, has fYgi `hYX`]b`U'g][b] WUbh]bWYUgY`]b``cggYg''=bj Ygh]b[` in adaptation and resilience is critical to combat these rising costs and ensure that communities around the

2. Introduction

H\Y`]bhYbg] Wh]cb`cZ\YUh'k Uj Ygž ccXgžXfci [\hgž k]X fYgžghcfa gžUbX`ch\Yf'W]a UhY!fY`UhYX`\UnUfXg` has far-reaching implications on communities and ecosystems globally.

The average global surface temperature has]bWfYUgYXstc '%%XY[fYYg'7Y`g]i g'UVcj Y`dfY!]bXi ghf]U` levels and the consequences are readily apparent for the increased frequency and intensity of natural disasters.²'H\Y``UhYgh'9a]gg]cbg'; Ud FYdcfh'Zfca 'h\Y`

The adaptation and resilience gap

ADAPTATION

Refers to adjustments in ecological, social, or economic systems in response to actual or expected W]a Uh]Wgh]a i `]`UbX'h\Y]f`Y YWg''=hfYZYfg'hc`W\Ub[Yg' in processes, practices, and structures to moderate dchYbh]U`XUa U[Yg'cf'VYbY hZfca 'cddcfh b]h]Yg' associated with climate change.*

RESILIENCE

The capacity of social, economic, and environmental systems to cope with a hazardous event, trend, or disturbance, responding or reorganizing in ways that maintain their essential function, identity, and structure while also maintaining the capacity for adaptation, learning, and transformation.⁸

Increased investment in climate adaptation and resilience is an urgent priority. Demand for UXUdhUhjcb' bUbW']b'XYj Y'cd]b['Vti bhf]Yg']g'% hc' % 'hja Yg'[fYUhYf'h\Ub'c VJU'UXUdhUhjcb' bUbW' ck gžfYgi 'hjb[']b'U' bUbVJb['[Ud'cZ' % ('V]`]cb' hc''' **\$V]``]cb'U'nYUf'?'; 'cVU`nžYgh]a UhYg'gi [[Ygh 'Ygg'h\Ub'&i 'cZ'UXUdhUhjcb' bUbW'W ffYbhmVta Yg' from private sources while around \$3 trillion a year of investment in climate-resilient infrastructure is needed worldwide over the coming decade.¹⁰ That

Purpose and summary of the report

This report supports the UN Race to Resilience UbX'h\Y\$C\Ufa !9`!G\Y]_\'5XUdhUh]cb'5[YbXU'Vm' addressing how insurers can undertake the vital work of scaling climate adaptation and resilience initiatives. The report draws upon research and perspectives from experts across Marsh McLennan as well as the broader insurance industry. It builds on last year's report, "Ful-lling a Legacy of Societal Risk Management," $k \]W k Ug'fYYUgYX'Uh'7C D&+Vmh\Y'<][\!@Yj Y''$ Champions, Adrienne Arsht Rockefeller Foundation,and Marsh McLennan.¹⁶

This year's report seeks to answer the following questions:

• What impact can the insurance industry have

Moral hazard hinders insurance uptake and risk

mitigation. All traditional insurance schemes face a

+

term nature of climate change does not align with

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RECOMMENDATION 1

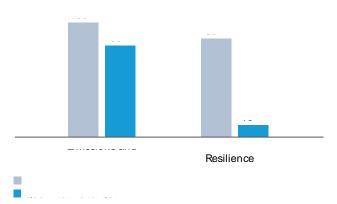
Prioritize resilience as a strategic imperative

COMMERCIAL BENEFIT OF THIS RECOMMENDATION

A U_]b[fYg]`]YbW'U'ghfUhY[]Wdf]cf]hmYbUV'Yg]bgi fYfg' to expand their business and increase revenues via

Exhibit 5: Insurer focus on adaptation and resilience as part of climate strategy³⁵

5.1 Climate-related targets and initiatives discussed in sustainability disclosures



5.2 Priority climate-related issues identified in materiality assessments



Exhibit 6: Example opportunities for insurers to increase resilience

	ТҮРЕ	EXAMPLE IMPLEMENTATION		
\Diamond	Parametric insurance	The African Risk Capacity (ARC) pools climate-related risk from		
$\tilde{\mathcal{D}}$	Provides faster payouts to	partner countries, who pay premiums for parametric policies. 5ZhYf Yj YbhgžWci bhf]Yg'UbX'gdYWY WghU_Y\c`XYfg``_Y'ZUfa Yfg		
Product Of erings	policyholders and enables quicker recovery	quickly receive payouts. ³⁶		
	Credit insurance			
	Dfcj]XYg bUbWJU ghUV]]hmhc resilience-building projects			

The insurance industry has an opportunity to dfch/Wb2Ufa Yfg2Ug'k Y```Ug'h Y'k cf`X'dcdi `Uh]cb'h Uh relies on crop production, while incentivizing climatesmart agriculture to provide more resilience to farms. Insurers can tap into new products and distribution methods and work with private and public partners to increase coverage of agriculture. For instance, Blue Marble, a microinsurance provider, increased h Y'Wtj YfU[Y'UbX'fYg]]YbW'cZWt YY'dfcXi Wh]cb'j]U` h Y'X]ghf]Vi h]cb'cZU'dUfUa Yhf]WdfcXi Wh]cb'j YY' farmers through its partnership with Nespresso, Usdf]j UhY Wa dUbnžUg'k Y``Ug'[cj Yfba YbhVcX]Yg"^{53, 54} := b`UXX]hJcbžGk]gg\$FY``Ui bW(YX`U'k YUh\Yf!]bXYI coverage program for smallholder white-maize farmers in Mexico in partnership with the Insurance Development Forum, Mexico's Ministry of Finance, and state-owned re-insurer Agroasemex, covering against excessive rainfall, droughts, and other bUh fU'sX]gUghYfg'h\fci [\`U'dUfUa Yhf]Wdc`]Wf⁴⁵⁵



Nature-based solutions

Nature-based solutions (NBS) are investments that protect natural ecosystems and build resilience against climate change. Natural ecosystems such as coral reefs, mangroves, and salt marshes reduce the severity of climate disasters, capture greenhouse [UgYgžUbX'dfcj]XY'ch\Yf'gcVVc'c[]VU'VYbY hg" NBS can provide more than 30% of the climate mitigation needed to limit global warming to the &\$% sDUf]g'5[fYYa YbhHUf[Yhgž[]j Yb h\Uhh\YgY'UggYhg' UfY'VYhk YYb' j Y'h]a Yg'UbX'hYb'h]a Yg'a cfY'Y YVMj Y' than human-engineered solutions.^{)*2)+} By investing in these solutions in areas where they are also active in

HARNESSING CO-BENEFITS OF INCREASING RESILIENCE AND SUPPORTING CARBON REMOVAL

In addition to direct investments in resilience, insurers can also indirectly encourage resilience through the voluntary carbon market (VCM). Carbon credits or c gYhgžk \]W. UfY 'hfUXYX]b h\Y J 7A žfYdfYgYbhcbY' metric ton of carbon dioxide or another greenhouse gas that has been removed, reduced, or avoided. These UfY cZhYb Vci [\hVmVi g]bYggYg'c c gYhh\Y]f ck b 7C &Ya]gg]cbg"H\YgY c gYhg'UfY cZhYb XYf]j YX Zfca

RECOMMENDATION 2

Design principles for publicprivate partnerships

Exhibit 8: Examples of how existing partnerships are designed across the above principles

Flood Re^{69, 70, 71, 72}

California Wildf re Fund (CEA)^{73, 74, 75, 76} Kenya Livestock Insurance Program (KLIP)^{77, 78, 79}

DESIGN

RECOMMENDATION 3

Improve accuracy and availability of climate-related data and analytics

COMMERCIAL BENEFIT OF THIS RECOMMENDATION Improving data and analyvON

the number of involved actors, privacy and security measures, and the necessary infrastructure and technical capabilities.

Standardization is also critical in integrating collected

RECOMMENDATION 4

Create an industry standard around "build back better"

COMMERCIAL BENEFIT OF THIS RECOMMENDATION

Ensuring that buildings are better able to withstand k YUh\Yf!fY`UhYX`X]gUghYfg'Wb'g][b] WbhmfYXi W' Z hi fY` bUbWJU``cggYg'UbX WU]a g'dUnci hg''H\]g'a U_Yg' h\Y'df]W'cZWtj YfU[Y'a cfY'U cfXUV'Y'Zcf'dc`]Wh\c`XYfg' and keeps risk at a level where insurance can remain available and insurers can remain active in markets, despite increasing disaster frequency.

6i]X.6UW.6YHHYf fb66b2jgXY bYX.VmHXYI b]HYX. BUhicbg'C WYZcf'8 jqUqhYf'F jq_FYXiWhicb'Ug'h\Y igYscZh\YfYWejYfnžfY\UV]`]hUh]cbUbXfYWebghfiWh]cb phases after a disaster to increase the resilience of nations and communities through integrating disaster risk reduction measures into the restoration of physical infrastructure and societal systems, and into the revitalization of livelihoods, economies, and the environment." BBB's goal is to enable communities to better manage future disaster risks by improving the reconstruction process — through ensuring new development is located outside of high-risk areas and requiring that buildings and infrastructure can ahfi Whi fu``miVYhhYf'YbXi fY'X]qUahYfq`qi W\'Uq' ccX]b[ž YUfh ei U_YgžUbX fYg⁹⁶ BBB has additionally been used to drive the use of more sustainable materials in the rebuilding process, embedding a resilience mindset and minimizing the carbon footprint of rebuilding.

HAY VYbY hgcZHJ_b[hAY Yg]]YbW cZVi]X]b[g and infrastructure into account are indisputable. BBB increases resilience to future disasters and reduces the potential for future losses by focusing explicitly on risk reduction throughout the rebuilding process. Without a focus on resilient construction, Vta a i b]h]Yg'UbX fY[]cbg'a Umgi Yf Z fhAYf Zfca avoidable damage and loss of life. With the 2004 Indian Ocean Tsunami, 2005 Kashmir Earthquake in Pakistan, and the 2009 Samoan Tsunami, the degree of damage and loss of life could have been reduced if there had been greater consideration of risks during the design and construction of buildings and infrastructure.⁺⁺ These are only a handful of select examples — this theme is apparent and repeatable across disasters throughout the 2000s.

Data has also shown that stronger buildings and]bZfUghfi Wi fY'g][b] WJbhmfYXi W' bUbWJU" cggYg' and costs from natural disasters. For example, 51% of homes built after 2008 survived undamaged after 7U']Zcfb]Ug&\$% '7Ua d':]fY'k]'X fYZh\YXYUX']YghUbX' most destructive in the state's history. That compares with 18% of homes built pre-2008 under less-stringent building codes.⁹⁸

An analysis by the World Bank suggests that if all countries were to adopt BBB practices over the next 20 years, global losses from disaster would be reduced by 12%, or \$65 billion a year. This reduction is most noticeable in some developing economies, where the resulting loss reduction could be cj Yfs(\$1 ¹⁹⁹

;]j Yb ħ Y'g][b] WbhgUj]b[g'UbX']bWYUgY']b fYg]`]YbWsħ UhWb Waa Y Zfca 'Vi]'X]b['VUW_'VYhhYfz' not to mention the reduction in injuries and fatalities, it is understandable that there has been an increased focus on this idea over the past two decades.

Obstacles to build back better

A UbmYI]qh]b['Y cfhq'UfY`YX'Vmh\Y'diV`]WqYWrcf' k]h\sU`\YUjmVifXYbcbdiV`]WZibX]b[žUbXXcbch involve private insurers. As stated in the barriers section of this report, there is a lack of public emphasis on resilient construction, and programs like FEMA and the NFIP in the United States tend to allocate the majority of funding towards post-X]qUahYfsUVhjj]h]Ya'h\UhXc'bchaiddcfhfYa]`]YbWz gi WksUgʻfYVi]`X]b[hc h\Y`gUa Y`ghUbXUfXgʻUbX`]b` the same high-risk locations.^{100, 101} Insurers are typically not involved early enough in planning and reconstruction to meaningfully support BBB]b]h]Uh]j Yq" = b UXX]h]c b ž]bgi fYfg ZUW X] W h]Yg fully implementing BBB with their current policy qhfiWhifYqsUbXkcfX]b[qžUbX]bWcfdcfUh]b[VYbY hgscZfYg]`]YbWYsjbhc

BBB is particularly relevant to insurers given their dcg]h]cb]b Z bX]b[fYWzj Yfm H\Y; `cVU`: YXYfUh]cb cZ Insurance Association recommends that, for recurring disasters to be avoided, "identical reconstruction after a natural disaster should not be the default."102 K \]`Ys]bgi fYfg`\Uj Y`XcbY`U``chcZ'h\]b_]b[`cb`h\]g` topic, BBB's execution remains siloed across the industry and lacks a consistent standard. This raises a further impediment to insurers adoption of BBB measures on an individual basis, namely that the ZihifYVYbY hgVmkUmcZfYXiWYX]bWJXYbWYUbX severity of losses may not accrue to the sponsoring insurer. Because insurance is overwhelmingly a %&!acbh\WcjYfžWighcaYfgk\c\UjYVYbY hYX from BBB in the claims processes of one insurer are free to switch to another insurer at any time. This moral hazard is best addressed by a combination of industry-wide adoption of a BBB standard, and]bWcfdcfUh]b['Zi``mf]q_!fY YWh]jY'df]W]b['gc'h\Uhih\Y' gdcbgcf]b[']bgi fYfWbdf]WY hcfY YWhAYfVYhhYf understanding of the reduced risk exposure.

Exhibit 10: How insurers can play a larger role in BBB

POTENTIAL	1	2	3
ACTIONS FOR INSURERS	Make changes to existing insurance policies and reinstatement clauses to support BBB	Provide premium reductions to incentivize policyholders to take risk mitigation measures, serving the dual benef t of reducing risk of loss for the insurance company and making insurance more af ordable for the policyholder	Work with the public sector to provide funding to support structural improvements or relocation, potentially in exchange for reduced premiums
Example(s)	 Insurers can remove the "same location" clause in the rme(r)Rdmue2.5 (e)-07/s t)-2 	22 (ain)-æ g68s (i)0.614.3 (o)-12w6 (e(n)-	.15.1 (o)2)-12.3 (n 412w6 (")-2æ)-21.8t

RECOMMENDATION 5

Advocate for public policies and

Practically, there are several ways that insurers can use their expertise to advocate for change:

1. Expand one-on-one relationships with communities where insurers are already providing coverage.

An example of this type of partnership exists in South Africa between Santam, South Africa's largest insurer, and a municipality along the Vaal f]j Yf"5ZhYf"XYU"]b['k]h, 'fYdYUhYX' ccX]b['UbX' increasing losses, Santam began sharing data and risk assessments with the municipality to support ccX!fY`UhYX'X]gUghYf'd`Ubb]b['UbX']bVfYUgY' resilience in the area. In return, the municipality

provides informati-8 (m n (e a)-8 (8-20.4 (o)-48.3 (u)60.1 (n)-51.6 (, t)-15.6 (h)-10.1 8 (l)-10)52≥14.3 (c)-23.2 (a)-13.7(t)-15.6 (i)-9.3

Regulators need to protect and act on behalf of policyholder interests. However, there are WfhU]b WlgYgžUgYI Ya d`] YX`]b h\Y`UVcj Y`YI \]V]hž k \YfY`fY[i `Uh]cbg'Xc`bchZ ```h\]g`]bhYbXYX`U]a "`

5. Roadmap for success

The recommendations detailed in this report outline opportunities for insurers to contribute hc`fYXiV]yb[`h\Y` bUbV]yU`UbX`d\mg]WyD`]adUVWrcZ` increasing weather-related disasters, expand global insurance coverage, and ultimately improve economic outcomes. This is a commercial imperative for the industry as climate-related risks continue to grow and threaten global businesses and communities. Insurers should determine how these recommendations can be leveraged to best suit their priorities and goals, taking into consideration their key geographies, risk exposure, size, and capabilities. While the implementation of the recommendations UbXXY b]h]cbcZgi WWgga Umj UfmUWgcgg fa gž insurers must all take steps to align their business with adaptation and resilience and address growing climate risks.

While individual insurers should establish targets for

Supplement

Ongoing adaptation and resilience insurance initiatives

Support for climate adaptation and resilience in the insurance industry is already well underway. The UN High-Level Champions-Adrienne Arsht Rockefeller-Marsh McLennan joint-report published `UghmYUf`Uh7C D&+ž`:i```]b[`U'@Y[`UWhcZGcV[YHU`F]g_` A UbU[Ya Ybhž`\][`\f](`\fYX`%-']bbcj Uh] Y`]bgi fUbW` initiatives that were advancing climate adaptation and/or risk reduction. Over the last year, many of those initiatives have made successful progress, and many more initiatives have begun. The following case studies showcase ongoing initiatives that are working to tackle the existing resilience gap, sers t&ib-8.2atnd ealettera8munckn (e e)-18.9 -6.5 (n)-8556 T21.8(n)-11.8f Anticipatory action and disaster risk reduction initiative

Climate resiliency challenge

Combining Preparedness and Response Financing in one Combining early warnings and anticipatory f nance to protect livelihoods Extreme cold and drought cover for

Global insurance supervisory focus on climate risk reduction

In early November, the International Association of Insurance Supervisors (IAIS) released a white paper outlining various actions the industry's regulatory bodies could take to reduce climate-related protection gaps. Titled "A Call to Action: The Role of Insurance Supervisors in Addressing Natural Catastrophe DfchYWMjcb; Udgžih \Y'dUdYfgYhgicihi jY'UfYUgik \YfY' supervisory action can best contribute to addressing protection gaps by: (1) assessing insurance protection [Udg/f&Li]a dfcj]b['Wcbgi a Yf' bUbWU```]hYfUWhUbX' risk awareness; (3) incentivizing risk prevention and reduction of insured losses; (4) creating an enabling regulatory and supervisory environment to support availability of insurance and uptake of coverage; and (5) advising government and industry on the design and implementation of public-private partnerships or insurance schemes.

The report also highlighted the importance of multi-stakeholder engagement, and suggested quite strongly that reducing protection gaps are proper activities for insurance supervisors to di fgi Y"'H\Y'=5=G'bck 'd'Ubg'tc'Vi]'X'c 'cZh\Y'fYdcfh' by engaging policymakers, industry leaders and other key stakeholders such as the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, the ; 'cVU'G\]Y'X'U[U]bgh7`]a UhY'F]g_g'UbX'=bgi fUbW' Development Forum.

KEY CONTACT:

Conor Donaldson International Association of Insurance Supervisors

Innsure corps

The climate-focused InsurTech incubator InnSure launched a new insurance sector professional development network that aims to organize, train, UbXsXYd`cmU`Y[]cb`cZf]g_!`]hYfUhY`]bgi fUbW`UWf]j]ghg` to — among other things — support technical assistance providers in at-risk/in-need communities. The program, called InnSure Corps, was launched during Climate Week NYC, and within a month had chapters established in eight communities including New York, San Francisco, Boston, and Bermuda.

When fully implemented, the InnSure Corps will receive specialized training in the various roles the insurance sector can play in advancing climate

Milwaukee river risk and resilience initiative

The Milwaukee River Risk and Resilience Initiative (M3RI) is a public-private partnership that seeks to utilize the insurance mechanism to capture and scale h\YYWbca]WWYbY hgcZbUhi fY!VUgYXf]g_fYXi Wjcb' projects across the Milwaukee River watershed. The Metropolitan Milwaukee Sewerage District (MMSD) is a long-time leader in deploying nature-VUgYX gc'i hjcbg'rc UXXfYgg'k UhYf'ei U']hmUbX' ccX' management challenges. Recently, they entered into a larger-scale program with Ducks Unlimited (DU) to restore 4,000 acres of wetlands and plant six million trees to reforest the Milwaukee River watershed.

=b Ub Y cfhitc XcW a YbhUbX a cbYhjnY h Y ccX fYXi Wjcb VYbY hg cZh YgY dfc YWgž; i m7UfdYbhYf is working with MMSD and DU to reconcile their modeling of the hydrological impacts of the new vegetation with more traditional insurance catastrophe risk modeling by working with leading (re)insurance companies to structure a parametricbased community-level insurance program that k ci Xs/YfY!df]WXYUW mYUf i d cf Xck b

'hc fY YVMih\Y'bYk 'f]g_ZUVMcfg"=Zgi WWYggZ`ž h\Y'dfc[fUa_sg\ci`X'WYUhY'U'gWU'UV'Y'a_cXY`Zcf' WUdhif]b[sh\Y'dcg]h]jYYI hYfbU']h]YgcZbUhifY! VUgYXs ccX'a_]h][Uh]cb projects.

The M3RI continues to seek funding partners for h\YY cfhžUg'k Y``Ug'ch\Yf'df]j UhY'gYV/cf'UV/cfg' including farmers, shippers, and railroad companies

"h\Uh\Wb\Wbbf]Vi hY hc fYXi \yb[ccXf]g_Yj Yb further throughout the watershed. The anticipated implementation in 2024.

KEY CONTACTS:

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Kellis Moss Ducks Unlimited

Francis Bouchard Marsh McLennan

Neighborhood heat protection concept

7U[°]]Zcfb]Ug[°]: ci fh[°](7[°])a Uh[°](5ggYgga Ybh]XYbh] YX[°] extreme heat as one of the deadliest forms of climate related risks. In one 10-day heatwave in 2022, the state's public health agency estimated that nearly

New Zealand natural hazards portal

8i Y hc]hg YI dcgYX "cWh]cb]b h Y DUW WC WUbž B Yk sWU UbX]g gi V YWhc U fUb [Y cZbUh fU `\ UnUfXgž including earthquakes, landslides, volcanic activity, hgi bUa]g UbX ccX]b["Hc UXXfYgg h YgY [fck]b[` exposures, Toka Tu Ake EQC, a New Zealand Crown entity that provides natural hazard research, education and insurance, has established a Natural Hazards Portal to help communities and people understand their exposures and their choices. Capabilities on the portal include granular details on hazard exposures, tools for conducting personalin6ro

Senegal Public Solidarity Fund (FSN)

Senegal's Fonds de Solidarite Nationale (FSN) aims to provide timely emergency relief response to dcdi `Uh]cbg'U YWWX VmW]a UhY UbX'X]gUghYf'g\cW_g' in Senegal. Their public-private partnership with ; U`U[\Yf'FY g'Di V`]WGYWcf'/ '7`]a UhY'FYg]`]YbW' Solutions practice focuses on leveraging the role of h\Y'df]j UhY'gYWcf']b'h\Y]f` bUbVJU`dfYdUfYXbYgg' UbXsYg]`]YbW strategy.

The work — which started in 2022 — adopts a holistic approach to climate adaptation and fYg]`]YbW""6msUbh]WjdUh]b[`Zi hi fYž\][\`mX]gfi dh]j Y` W/ U``U [

Yf[·] [_gW]g

Talent secondment program supports cities' adaptation ef orts

The Sustainable Markets Initiative (SMI), Howden, and the Resilient Cities Network have established h\Y'; `cVU`F]g_'UbX'FYg]`]YbW': Y``ck g\]džU' fghcZ'

UNCDF partners with Howden to build climate resilience for vulnerable communities in Fiji

Insurance broker Howden partnered with UNCDF's DUVY Webgi fUbW 'UbX'7`]a UhY 5XUdhUh]cb'Dfc[fUa'

ZestyAI-SBP CDRZ pilot

In an exercise intended to illustrate the power of the recently enacted Community Disaster Resilience Zone (CDRZ) legislation in the United States, ZestyAI

'UsYUX]b['dfcj]XYf'cZW]a UhY'UbX'dfcdYfhmf]g_' analytic solutions — teamed up with the national X]gUghYffYg]`]YbWYbcb!dfc hG6DhcWYUhYUd]`ch replicating CDRZ's big data, risk reduction analysis, and community level funding focus. It started with a three-day hackathon where ZestyAI employees integrated the government's risk and social equity datasets to identify the three US communities most ji`bYfUV`Y`hc`k]`X fY`YIdcgifYg"`NYghm5='h\Yb`Udd`]YX` its machine learning capabilities to identify and price h\Y`gdYVVJ Wif]g_fYXiWb1jcbUddfcUVV\Yg`fYei]fYX`hc` fYXi WY 'h\Y'k]`X fY'YI dcgi fY']b'U``'h\fYY Wtaaib]h]Yg"' SBP then successfully pursued a \$100,000 grant award from the Climate Resilience Challenge that will now be used to implement ZestyAI's f]g_sfYXi Whjcb recommendations.

KEY CONTACTS:

Nick Allain Head of Marketing, ZestyAl

Liz McCartney

7\]YZCdYfUh]b['C WYfžSBP

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Community Disaster Resilience Zones (CDRZ)

Last year, CDRZ was included in the Race to Resilience report as an example of a public policy initiative being promoted by the reinsurance sector as a means of addressing both social equity and climate risks. Since last COP, the US Congress enacted CDRZ by overwhelmingly large majorities, and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designated nearly 500 US communities as CDRZ zones, thereby increasing federal funding options, providing access to technical assistance capabilities, and prioritizing CDRZ communities for various federal programs.

The insurance sector is now pursuing two primary k Umg cZUXj UbWb['h\Y'78FNWcbWrdh"H\Y' fgh

Global actuarial initiative expands

Meso-level approaches to climate risks in Ghana

I bXYf'h Y'i a VfY``U'cZh\Y'=bgi FYg]`]YbW'; `cVU`` DUfhbYfg\]džh\Y'; Yfa Ub'XYj Y'cda Ybh'U[YbWh; =N` \Ug'dUfhbYfYX'k]h\'5``]Ubn'FY'hc'\Y'd'h\fYY' ccX! dfcbY'Wta a i b]h]Yg']b'; \UbU'XYj Y'cd'UbX']a d'Ya Ybh' Integrated Disaster Risk Management Plans. The Y cfh'VY[Ub'k]h\'h\Y'Wt``YWh]cb'cZfY`Yj Ubh'UbX# cf'a]gg]b['XUhUžh\Y'a cXY`]b['cZ' ccX'\UnUfXgz' and extensive risk assessments based on the 9Wtbca]WgscZs7`]a UhY'5XUdhUh]cb methodology.

6UgYX cb h YgY bX]b[gžh Y a i b]WdU]h]Yg WtbXi WhYXsWtgHVYbY hUbU mgYg cZdfchYWh]b[high-value public assets, while also pursuing f]g_``]hYfUWhäk UghY a UbU[Ya YbhžWtbh]b[YbWm planning, and early warning activities. In addition, h\Ym`Yj YfU[YX`YUf`]YfY cfhg`Vmh\Y`K cf`X`6Ub_ hcsXYj Y`cdsUb`Udd h\UhYbUV`YX`f]g_!]bZcfa YX` decision-making and early warning signaling.

Alllianz Re utilized much of the same data and analytics to develop a bespoke insurance program for publicly held assets that included a 20% rapid payment component that would cover response UWgcbg'Zcf'h\cgY`\ci gY\c`Xg'a cgh'U YWgX'Vm the events.

KEY CONTACT:

Daniel Stadtmueller HYUa `@YUXž=bgi FYg]`]YbW(`; `cVU` Partnership

Smallholder farmers in Mexico

Last year's report featured a Tripartite partnership program focused on smallholder farmers in Mexico. The program covers over 10,000 farmers against ccX UbX Xfci [\ht\fci [\ U'gcj YfY][b dUfUa Yhf]W solution. The parametric cover was triggered twice during the pilot phase, providing over 1,400 farmers with payments to compensate for lost income and enhance community resilience. The program was considered so successful that the Mexican [cj Yfba Ybh]ggYY_]b[sUXXY f UY

Urban Infrastructure Insurance Facility (UIIF)

Last year's report featured the launch of Urban Infrastructure Insurance Facility (UIIF), a multicity pooling concept that aims to facilitate access hc 'W]a UhY' bUbWZhfUbgZYf 'WhUghfcd\Y!'Yj Y'' YI dcgi fYgžUbX']XYbh]ZmdfY!Yj Ybhf]g_fYXi Wh]cb'']b]h]Uh]j Yg''GdcbgcfYX 'Vm@cWD'; cj Yfba Ybhg' for Sustainability (ICLEI), the program has now selected and on-boarded its 10th participating city, YUW' cZk \]W'k]'''i bXYf[c'U'h\cfci [\'gYj Yb!ghYd' dfcWggscZ]XYbh]Zm]b[ža UbU[]b['UbX' bUbV]b[' climate risks.

The program's goals are to form a diverse risk pool UWfcgg'h\Y'% Wh]YgžWtj Yf'Uh`YUgh'+") `a]``]cb'dccf' and vulnerable people and deploy at least 100M Euro

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Endnotes

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Marsh McLennan fB MG9. A A 7½]gʻh Yʻk cfʻX gʻYUX]b[ʻdfcZYgg]cbUʻgYfj]Wgʻ fa `]bʻh YʻUfYUgʻcZf]g_žghfUhY[mUbXʻ people. The Company's 86,000 colleagues advise clients in 130 countries. With annual revenue of over \$20 billion, Marsh McLenng24.9 (s)-1.5 (e (l)-8.9 (l)-9.8 (i)-9.9 (e)-14.1 (n)-14.7(t)-3-10.1 (n)-.12 (d)-28.4 (v)-28.4 a)-14.4 (u)-8.(. T)t.5 (l r)- giue cl reQIL